Curriculum map

Intended users

vehicle or cycle owner

Health and safety

school administrator themselves siblings

Pupils should be taught to work safely, using tools,

equipment, materials, components and techniques

appropriate to the task. Risk assessments should

be carried out prior to undertaking this project.

parents security staff other - specify

school community

Year Groups

Years 5

Electrical systems Focus Monitoring and control

Aspect of D&T

cycle or vehicle alarm	security lighting system
alarm for valuable artef	act garden light
automatic nightlight	electronic moneybox
alarm for school shed	other – specify

What could children design, make

Project title

and evaluate?

Design, make and evaluate a (user) for (product) for (purpose).

Investigative and Evaluative Activities (IEAs)

- Discuss a range of relevant products (such as nightlights, garden lights, alarm systems, security lighting, electronic moneyboxes) that respond to changes in the environment using a computer control program e.g. Why is a computer control program used to operate the products? What are the advantages of using computer control? What input devices, e.g. switches, and output devices, e.g.
- bulbs and buzzers, have been used? Who have the products been designed for and for what purpose? Investigate sensors such as light dependent resistors (LDRs) and a range of switches such as push-tomake, push-to-break, toggle, micro and reed switches. To gain an understanding of how they are operated by the user and how they work, ask the children to use each component to control a bulb in a simple circuit. Remind children about the dangers of mains electricity.
- Children could research famous inventors related to the project e.g. Thomas Edison light bulb.

Focused Tasks (FTs)

- Through teacher demonstration and explanation, recap measuring, marking out, cutting and joining skills with construction materials that children will need to create their electrical products.
- Using a model circuit, demonstrate and enable children to practise using different input and output devices. Allow them to practise methods for making secure electrical connections e.g. using wire strippers, twist and tape connections, screw connections, crocodile clips and connecting blocks.
- Remind children how to avoid making short circuits.
- Drawing on science understanding, ask the children to explore a range of electrical systems that could be used to control their products, including a simple series circuit where a single output device is controlled, a series circuit where two output devices are controlled by one switch and, where appropriate, parallel circuits where two output devices are controlled independently by two separate switches.
- Drawing on related computing activities, ensure that children can write and modify computer control programs that include inputs, outputs and decision making. Test out the programs using electrical components connected to microcontrollers, interface boxes or standalone boxes

14. Design, Make and Evaluate Assignment (DMEA)

- Develop an authentic and meaningful design brief with the children.
- Ask the children to generate innovative ideas by drawing on research and develop a design specification for their product, carefully considering the purpose and needs of the intended user.
- Communicate ideas through annotated sketches, pictorial representations of electrical circuits or circuit diagrams, including the microcontroller, interface box or standalone box to be used. Drawings should indicate the design decisions made, including the location of the electrical components and how they work as a system with an input, process and output. Reference should be made to the control program used and how it will operate to control the inputs and outputs.
- Produce detailed step-by-step plans and lists of tools, equipment and materials needed. If appropriate, allocate tasks within a team
- Make high quality products, applying knowledge, understanding and skills from IEAs and FTs. Create and modify a computer control program to enable the product to work automatically in response to changes in the environment.
- Critically evaluate throughout and the final product, comparing it to the original design specification. Test the system to demonstrate its effectiveness for the intended user and purpose.

Purpose of products

safety	protection	security	detection
warning	comfort	illumination	entertainment

Links to topics/themes

Our School	Toys	and Gam	es
Keep Safe	Ours	elves	Buildings
Culture and Leisure		Travel	Homes

Related learning in other subjects

- Spoken Language ask relevant questions, give well-structured descriptions and explanations. Build technical vocabulary.
- Computing use technologies for research purposes and be discerning when evaluating digital content.
- Science apply knowledge and understanding of circuits, switches, conductors and insulators.

Related learning in other subjects

- Science apply knowledge and understanding of circuits, switches, conductors and insulators.
- Computing design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling physical systems. Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs. Work with variables and various forms of input and output.
- Mathematics apply understanding and skill to carry out accurate measuring using standard units i.e. cm/mm.
- Spoken language asking questions to check understanding, develop technical vocabulary and build knowledge.

Related learning in other subjects

- Mathematics apply understanding and skill to carry out accurate measuring using standard units i.e. cm/mm.
- Science apply knowledge and understanding of circuits, switches, conductors and insulators.
- Computing design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling physical systems. Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs. Work with variables and various forms of input and output.
- Spoken language maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments.

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Key learning in design and technology **Prior learning**

- Initial experience of using computer control software and an interface box, a standalone box or microcontroller, e.g. Crumble.
- Some experience of writing and modifying a program to make a light turn on or flash on and off. · Understanding of the essential characteristics of a series circuit and experience of creating a battery-

Designing • Develop a design specification for a functional

powered, functional, electrical product.

- product that responds automatically to changes in the environment. Generate, develop and communicate ideas
- through discussion, annotated sketches and pictorial representations of electrical circuits or circuit diagrams.

Making

- Formulate a step-by-step plan to guide making, listing tools, equipment, materials and components.
- Competently select and accurately assemble materials, and securely connect electrical components to produce a reliable, functional product.
- Create and modify a computer control program to enable their electrical product to respond to changes in the environment.

Evaluating

- Continually evaluate and modify the working features of the product to match the initial design specification.
- Test the system to demonstrate its effectiveness for the intended user and purpose.

Technical knowledge and understanding

- Understand and use electrical systems in their products
- Understand the use of computer control systems in products.

Apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products.

Know and use technical vocabulary relevant to the project.

Possible resources

microcontroller or standalone control box or interface box

collection of batterypowered, manuallycontrolled and programmable products

batteries, battery holders, crocodile leads

different output devices including bulbs with bulb holders, buzzers, light emitting diodes (LEDs), motors

different input devices including micro switches, reed switches and magnets. light dependent resistors (LDRs)

wire. automatic wire strippers, masking tape, construction materials and tools as required

Key vocabulary

reed switch, toggle switch, push-to-make switch, push-to-break switch, light dependent resistor (LDR), tilt switch

light emitting diode (LED), bulb. bulb holder. battery, battery holder, USB cable, wire, insulator, conductor, crocodile clip

control, program, system, input device, output device, series circuit, parallel circuit

function, innovative, design specification. design brief, user, purpose

Cultural Capital	
Visits and visitors Alarm and security installers visiting We the curious	Experiences and events. / Project mini outcomes
Key Texts Community	Links https://www.data.org.uk/re source-shop/primary/9-to- 11-years/alarming- vehicles-yr-456/ https://www.data.org.uk/sh op-products/designing- and-making-alarm-circuits- using-inputs-with- computer-control/ https://www.data.org.uk/sh op-products/developing- handmade-switches/ Global issues
events and links	Climate change
Famous People Thomas Edison Garrett Morgan Percy Shaw	Life Skills problem-solving teamwork consumer awareness organisation perseverance

