Alexander Hosea Curriculum Map - Year 5 Subject: Art - Painting

Programme of Study Statements

Pupils should be taught:

- To develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design.
- To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas.
- To improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay]
- About great artists, architects and designers in history.

Skills

Become proficient in drawing, painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques.





Creativity

Explore ideas, invent, imagine, problem solve



Knowledge

Learn great Artists, crafts and design, learn how artists use formal elements





<u>Reflection</u> (which leads to personal development)

Evaluate and Analyse own and others work.



Artists and sketchbooks

- To collect ideas for preliminary studies trying out different media and materials.
- To describe the thoughts and feelings about their own and others work and discuss how these might influence their own designs using
 appropriate language.
- To research the work of an artists and use their work to replicate a style.

Painting

Prior knowledge/skills:

- I can combine colours to create tints, tones, hues and shades to reflect the purpose of the work.
- I can mix and match colours to objects in the natural or man-made forms.
- I can mix and blend colours using a soft and smooth gradient.
- I can show accuracy and control when painting using thick and thin paintbrushes and select for a purpose.
- I can name primary, secondary, complementary, warm and cold contrasting colours.

Sticky Knowledge:

- To discuss colours that depict moods in paintings.
- To explain how key artists express thoughts and feelings through use of colour and application.

Potential Evidence to support our Artist:

- I can explore how artists express thoughts and feelings through use of colour and application.
- I can experiment with different colours that represent moods and emotions.
- I can create a mood painting through use of colour and application
- I can use appropriate painting tools accurately to apply a range of different paint types to a surface.
- I can demonstrate a secure knowledge of primary, secondary, complementary, warm and cold and contrasting colours.
- I can experiment with paint textures.

Key Vocabulary

Complementary colours, Warm colours, Cool colours, Inspiration, application, emotion, mood, contrasting colours.

Painting Vocabulary Definition Complementary colours A particular colour scheme draws from two colours on the opposite side of the colour wheel. Warm colours Such as red, yellow, and orange; evoke warmth because they remind us of things like the sun or fire. Warm colours are said to advance towards you as if they are jumping out of the painting. Cool colours Such as blue, green, and purple (violet); evoke a cool feeling because they remind us of things like water or grass. Cool colours are said to recede into the background, meaning that they move away from the viewer. Contrasting colours Two colours from different segments of the colour wheel. Inspiration Inspiration is a feeling of enthusiasm you get from someone or something, which gives you new and creative ideas. Mood A temporary state of mind or feeling.

Artist study Paul Signac

Paul Cezanne









Cultural Capital		
Visits and visitors Illustrators or authors Local art galleries	Experiences and events	Key texts
Community events and links	Global issues	Life skills Curiosity Creativity Resilience Making Links